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Abronia bolackii N. D. Atwood, S. L. Welsh & K. D.
Heil [family NYCTAGINACEAE]

<http://plants.jstor.org/stable/10.5555/al.ap.flora.fna004000123>

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Herbarium	Flora of North America (FNA)
Collection	Flora of North America
Resource Type	Reference Sources
Entry From	Flora of North America, Vol 4,
Names	Abronia bolackii N. D. Atwood, S. L. Welsh & K. D. Heil [family NYCTAGINACEAE], Novon, 12: 167, fig. 1. 2002
Treatment Author(s)	Leo A. Galloway
Information	Plants perennial, short caulescent or nearly acaulescent. Stems decumbent to erect, minutely and sparsely glandular-pubescent or $\pm$ glabrate, arising from cordlike rhizomes. Leaves: petiole 1–4 cm; blade elliptic-oblong to ovate, 1–4 $\times$ 0.5–2 cm, margins entire to shallowly sinuate, often $\pm$ undulate, surfaces minutely puberulent or glabrous (especially in age). Inflorescences: peduncle longer than subtending petiole; bracts broadly lanceolate, ovate, obovate, or almost round, 5–10 $\times$ 3–10 mm, scarious, apex acute, obtuse, or rounded, glandular-puberulent; flowers 15–25. Perianth: tube greenish, 7–11 mm, limb white, 3 mm diam. Fruits broadly turbinate, 5–7 $\times$ 3–5 mm, scarious, apex truncate and slightly beaked; wings (3–)5, dilated distally and $\pm$ flattened perpendicular to plane of lamina, dilations $\pm$ as long as wide, thin walled, cavities extending throughout.
Phenology	mar-may (spring), jun-aug (summer)
Altitude range	1700 m;
Distribution	USA N.Mex.
Discussion	As far as is known, <i>Abronia bolackii</i> is restricted to gypseous lenses of the Ojo Alamo Formation in San Juan County, New Mexico.

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